

# ACORD<sup>®</sup> WORKERS' COMPENSATION - FIRST REPORT OF INJURY OR ILLNESS

EMPLOYER (NAME & ADDRESS INCL ZIP)		CARRIER / ADMINISTRATOR CLAIM NUMBER *		REPORT PURPOSE CODE *	
		JURISDICTION *	JURISDICTION LOG NUMBER *		
		INSURED REPORT NUMBER		OSHA CASE NUMBER	
		EMPLOYER'S LOCATION ADDRESS (IF DIFFERENT)			LOCATION #:
INDUSTRY CODE	EMPLOYER FEIN			PHONE #	

## CARRIER / CLAIMS ADMINISTRATOR

CARRIER (NAME AND ADDRESS)		POLICY PERIOD TO	CLAIMS ADMINISTRATOR (NAME AND ADDRESS)	
PHONE (A/C, No, Ext):		CHECK IF APPROPRIATE	PHONE (A/C, No, Ext):	
CARRIER FEIN *	POLICY / SELF-INSURED NUMBER	SELF INSURANCE	ADMINISTRATOR FEIN *	
AGENT NAME:		AGENT CODE NUMBER:		

## EMPLOYEE / WAGE

NAME (LAST, FIRST, MIDDLE)		DATE OF BIRTH	SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER	DATE HIRED	STATE OF HIRE
ADDRESS (INCL ZIP)		SEX <input type="checkbox"/> MALE <input type="checkbox"/> FEMALE <input type="checkbox"/> UNKNOWN	MARITAL STATUS <input type="checkbox"/> UNMARRIED/SINGLE/DIVORCED <input type="checkbox"/> MARRIED <input type="checkbox"/> SEPARATED <input type="checkbox"/> UNKNOWN	OCCUPATION / JOB TITLE	
E-MAIL ADDRESS:		# OF DEPENDENTS	EMPLOYMENT STATUS		
PHONE		NCCI CLASS CODE *			
RATE	PER:	DAY	MONTH	AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGES	# DAYS WORKED / WEEK
	WEEK		OTHER:		FULL PAY FOR DAY OF INJURY? (Y / N)
					DID SALARY CONTINUE? (Y / N)

## OCCURRENCE / TREATMENT

TIME EMPLOYEE BEGAN WORK	AM PM	DATE OF INJURY / ILLNESS	TIME OF OCCURRENCE CANNOT BE DETERMINED	AM PM	LAST WORK DATE	DATE EMPLOYER NOTIFIED	DATE DISABILITY BEGAN
CONTACT NAME		TYPE OF INJURY / ILLNESS			PART OF BODY AFFECTED		
PHONE (A/C, No, Ext):		TYPE OF INJURY / ILLNESS CODE *			PART OF BODY AFFECTED CODE *		
DID INJURY / ILLNESS EXPOSURE OCCUR ON EMPLOYER'S PREMISES? (Y / N) <input type="checkbox"/>		DEPARTMENT OR LOCATION WHERE ACCIDENT OR ILLNESS EXPOSURE OCCURRED			ALL EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OR CHEMICALS EMPLOYEE WAS USING WHEN ACCIDENT OR ILLNESS EXPOSURE OCCURRED		
SPECIFIC ACTIVITY THE EMPLOYEE WAS ENGAGED IN WHEN THE ACCIDENT OR ILLNESS EXPOSURE OCCURRED		WORK PROCESS THE EMPLOYEE WAS ENGAGED IN WHEN ACCIDENT OR ILLNESS EXPOSURE OCCURRED					
HOW INJURY OR ILLNESS / ABNORMAL HEALTH CONDITION OCCURRED. DESCRIBE THE SEQUENCE OF EVENTS AND INCLUDE ANY OBJECTS OR SUBSTANCES THAT DIRECTLY INJURED THE EMPLOYEE OR MADE THE EMPLOYEE ILL							CAUSE OF INJURY CODE *
DATE RETURN(ED) TO WORK	IF FATAL, GIVE DATE OF DEATH	WERE SAFEGUARDS OR SAFETY EQUIPMENT PROVIDED? (Y / N)		WERE THEY USED? (Y / N)			
PHYSICIAN / HEALTH CARE PROVIDER (NAME & ADDRESS)		HOSPITAL OR OFFSITE TREATMENT (NAME & ADDRESS)			INITIAL TREATMENT <input type="checkbox"/> NO MEDICAL TREATMENT <input type="checkbox"/> MINOR: BY EMPLOYER <input type="checkbox"/> MINOR CLINIC / HOSP <input type="checkbox"/> EMERGENCY CARE <input type="checkbox"/> OVERNIGHT HOSPITALIZATION <input type="checkbox"/> FUTURE MAJOR MEDICAL / LOST TIME ANTICIPATED		
WITNESS NAME:		WITNESS NAME:		PHONE (A/C, No, Ext):		PHONE NUMBER	
DATE ADMINISTRATOR NOTIFIED	DATE PREPARED	PREPARER'S NAME	TITLE				

**Applicable in Alabama:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution, fines, or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof.

**Applicable in Alaska:** A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files a claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law.

**Applicable in Arizona:** For your protection Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

**Applicable in Arkansas:** Any person or entity who willfully and knowingly makes any material false statement or representation, who willfully and knowingly omits or conceals any material information, or who willfully and knowingly employs any device, scheme or artifice, for the purpose of obtaining any benefit or payment, defeating or wrongfully increasing or wrongfully decreasing any claim for benefit or payment, or obtaining or avoiding workers compensation coverage or avoiding payment of the proper insurance premium, or who aids and abets for any of said purposes, under this chapter will be guilty of a Class D felony.

**Applicable in California:** Any person who makes or causes to be made any knowingly false or fraudulent material statement or material representation for the purpose of obtaining or denying workers compensation benefits or payments is guilty of a felony.

**Applicable in Colorado:** It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

**Applicable in Delaware:** Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

**Applicable in the District of Columbia:** WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

**Applicable in Florida:** Any person who, knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any employer or employee, insurance company, or self-insured program, files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information, commits insurance fraud, punishable as provided in s. 817.234.

**Applicable in Idaho:** Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

**Applicable in Indiana:** A person who knowingly and with intent to defraud an insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information commits a felony.

**Applicable in Kansas:** Any person who, knowingly and with intent to defraud, presents, causes to be presented or prepares with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to or by an insurer, purported insurer, broker or any agent thereof, any written, electronic, electronic impulse, facsimile, magnetic, oral, or telephonic communication or statement as part of, or in support of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating of an insurance policy for personal or commercial insurance, or a claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy for commercial or personal insurance which such person knows to contain materially false information concerning any fact material thereto; or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act.

**Applicable in Kentucky:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

**Applicable in Louisiana:**

Applicable in Louisiana: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. Be advised failure to answer truthfully may result in forfeiture of workers compensation benefits.

**Applicable in Maine:** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or denial of insurance benefits.

**Applicable in Maryland:** Any person who knowingly or willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

**EMPLOYEE SIGNATURE:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Applicable in Michigan:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

**Applicable in Minnesota:** Any person who, with intent to defraud, receives workers' compensation benefits to which the person is not entitled by knowingly misrepresenting, misstating, or failing to disclose any material fact is guilty of theft and shall be sentenced pursuant to s 609.52, subdivision 3.

**Applicable in Nevada:** Pursuant to NRS 686A.291, any person who knowingly and willfully files a statement of claim that contains any false, incomplete or misleading information concerning a material fact is guilty of a category D felony.

**Applicable in New Hampshire:** Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud as provided in RSA 638:20.

**Applicable in New Jersey:** Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

**Applicable in New Mexico:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

**Applicable in Ohio:** Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

**Applicable in Oklahoma:** Any person or entity who makes any material false statement or representation, who willfully and knowingly omits or conceals any material information, or who employs any device, scheme, or artifice, or who aids and abets any person for the purpose of:

1. obtaining any benefit or payment,
2. increasing any claim for benefit or payment, or
3. obtaining workers' compensation coverage under this act, shall be guilty of a felony punishable pursuant to Section 1663 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

**Applicable in Oregon:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud or solicit another to defraud the insurer by submitting an application containing a false statement as to any material fact may be violating state law.

**Applicable in Pennsylvania:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

**Applicable in Puerto Rico:** Any person who knowingly and with the intention of defrauding presents false information in an insurance application, or presents, helps, or causes the presentation of a fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss or any other benefit, or presents more than one claim for the same damage or loss, shall incur a felony and, upon conviction, shall be sanctioned for each violation by a fine of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or a fixed term of imprisonment for three (3) years, or both penalties. Should aggravating circumstances be present, the penalty thus established may be increased to a maximum of five (5) years, if extenuating circumstances are present, it may be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years.

**Applicable in Rhode Island:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

**Applicable in Tennessee:** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to any party to a workers compensation transaction for the purpose of committing fraud. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

**Applicable in Texas:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

**Applicable in Utah:** Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent underwriting information, files or causes to be filed a false or fraudulent claim for disability compensation or medical benefits, or submits a false or fraudulent report or billing for health care fees or other professional services is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

**Applicable in Virginia:** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

**Applicable in Washington:** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

**Applicable in West Virginia:** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

**Applicable in New York:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation.

**EMPLOYEE SIGNATURE:** \_\_\_\_\_

## EMPLOYER'S INSTRUCTIONS

DO NOT ENTER DATA IN FIELDS MARKED \*

**DATES:**

Enter all dates in MM/DD/YY format.

**INDUSTRY CODE:**

This is the code which represents the nature of the employer's business which is contained in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual or the North American Industry Classification System published by the Federal Office of Management and Budget.

**OSHA CASE NUMBER:**

Transfer the case number from the OSHA 300 log after you record the case there.

**CARRIER:**

The licensed business entity issuing a contract of insurance and assuming financial responsibility on behalf of the employer of the claimant.

**CLAIMS ADMINISTRATOR:**

Enter the name of the carrier, third party administrator, state fund, or self-insured responsible for administering the claim.

**AGENT NAME & CODE NUMBER:**

Enter the name of your insurance agent and his/her code number if known. This information can be found on your insurance policy.

**OCCUPATION / JOB TITLE:**

This is the primary occupation of the claimant at the time of the accident or exposure.

**EMPLOYMENT STATUS:**

Indicate the employee's work status. The valid choices are:

Full-Time	On Strike	Unknown	Volunteer
Part-Time	Disabled	Apprenticeship Full-Time	Seasonal
Not Employed	Retired	Apprenticeship Part-Time	Piece Worker

**DATE DISABILITY BEGAN:**

The first day on which the claimant originally lost time from work due to the occupation injury or disease or as otherwise deigned by statute.

**CONTACT NAME / PHONE NUMBER:**

Enter the name of the individual at the employer's premises to be contacted for additional information.

**TYPE OF INJURY / ILLNESS:**

Briefly describe the nature of the injury or illness, (eg. Lacerations to the forearm).

**PART OF BODY AFFECTED:**

Indicate the part of body affected by the injury/illness, (eg. Right forearm, lower back).

**DEPARTMENT OR LOCATION WHERE ACCIDENT OR ILLNESS EXPOSURE OCCURRED:**

(eg. Maintenance Department or Client's office at 452 Monroe St., Washington, DC 26210)

If the accident or illness exposure did not occur on the employer's premises, enter address or location. Be specific.

ALL EQUIPMENT, MATERIAL OR CHEMICALS EMPLOYEE WAS USING WHEN ACCIDENT OR ILLNESS EXPOSURE OCCURRED:

(eg. Acetylene cutting torch, metal plate)

List all of the equipment, materials, and/or chemicals the employee was using, applying, handling or operating when the injury or illness occurred. Be specific, for example: decorator's scaffolding, electric sander, paintbrush, and paint.

Enter "NA" for not applicable if no equipment, materials, or chemicals were being used. NOTE: The items listed do not have to be directly involved in the employee's injury or illness.

SPECIFIC ACTIVITY THE EMPLOYEE WAS ENGAGED IN WHEN THE ACCIDENT OR ILLNESS EXPOSURE OCCURRED:

(eg. Cutting metal plate for flooring)

Describe the specific activity the employee was engaged in when the accident or illness exposure occurred, such as sanding ceiling woodwork in preparation for painting.

WORK PROCESS THE EMPLOYEE WAS ENGAGED IN WHEN ACCIDENT OR ILLNESS EXPOSURE OCCURRED:

Describe the work process the employee was engaged in when the accident or illness exposure occurred, such as building maintenance. Enter "NA" for not applicable if employee was not engaged in a work process (eg. walking along a hallway).

HOW INJURY OR ILLNESS / ABNORMAL HEALTH CONDITION OCCURRED. DESCRIBE THE SEQUENCE OF EVENTS AND INCLUDE ANY OBJECTS OR SUBSTANCES THAT DIRECTLY INJURED THE EMPLOYEE OR MADE THE EMPLOYEE ILL:

(Worker stepped back to inspect work and slipped on some scrap metal. As worker fell, worker brushed against the hot metal.)

Describe how the injury or illness / abnormal health condition occurred. Include the sequence of events and name any objects or substance that directly injured the employee or made the employee ill. For example: Worker stepped to the edge of the scaffolding to inspect work, lost balance and fell six feet to the floor. The worker's right wrist was broken in the fall.

DATE RETURN(ED) TO WORK:

Enter the date following the most recent disability period on which the employee returned to work.